

Department of Philosophy
Systems of India Philosophy- II
CC-VII:
Question Bank

1. Fill in the blanks.

- a) Veda means_____.
- b) A Veda contains_____parts.
- c) There are_____Upanishads.
- d) Rta means_____.
- e) Rna means_____.
- f) The Chhandogya Upanishad ascribes Brahman as_____.
- g) Vidya means_____.
- h) Avidya means_____.
- i) Para –vidya means_____.
- j) Aparavidya means_____.
- k) The word ‘Atman’ literally means_____.
- l) Nyaya means_____.
- m) _____the founder of Nyaya system.
- n) The modern school of Nyaya is known as_____.
- o) Any valid presentative knowledge is called as_____.
- p) The perception of hetu in something i.e_____.
- q) Samanyalakshan pratyaksa is the perception of_____.
- r) Vyapti between two terms of equal extension is called as_____.
- s) _____Perception is the primary stage of perception.
- t) Pratyabhijna means_____.
- u) Sannidhi means_____.
- v) Sabda means_____.
- w) Yogyata means_____.
- x) Tatparya means_____.
- y) Samanya signifies a_____.
- z) Abhava means_____.
- aa) God possessing qualities is called_____according to Samkara.
- bb) God is both immanent and_____.
- cc) _____is the power of Maya.
- dd) _____is the product of Maya.
- ee) _____The subject which is pure consciousness.
- ff) Brahman reflected in Maya is_____.

- gg) _____ is the negative aspect of concealment of reality.
- hh) _____ is the positive aspect of concealment of reality.
- ii) Ramanuja advocates the philosophy of qualified_____.
- jj) The Individual self is a mode of_____.

2. Write short type of questions (One or Two sentence).

- a) What is Veda?
- b) What is Atharva Veda?
- c) What is Aranyakas?
- d) What is Rta?
- e) What is Deva Rna?
- f) What is Rishi Rna?
- g) What is Vidya?
- h) What is Avidya?
- i) What is para-vidya?
- j) What is *Tajjalan*?
- k) What are the five sheaths?
- l) What is *Vijnanamaya Kosha*.
- m) What is Vyapti?
- n) What is Prama?
- o) What is Aprama?
- p) What is Panchavayavi?
- q) What is Asamvyapti?
- r) What is Pakhsadharmata?
- s) What is Lingaparamarsa?
- t) What is Anavaya?
- u) What is Tarka?
- v) What is Samanyalaksan Pratyaksa?
- w) What is Pararthanumana?
- x) What is Purvavat?
- y) What is Kevalvyatireki?
- z) What is Virudha?
- aa) What is Savyavicara?

3. Write short type of questions (One or Two sentence).

- a) What is Atman?
- b) What is Brahman?
- c) What is Vidya?
- d) What is Avidya?
- e) What is para-vidya?
- f) What is Apra-vidya?
- g) How Brahman is ascribe as *Tajjalan*?
- h) What are the five kosas?
- i) What is Nirvikalpaka perception?
- j) What is Samanyalaksana prtyaksa?
- k) What is Yogaja pratyaksa?
- l) What do you mean by Padartha?
- m) What is Pragabhava?
- n) What is Savikalpaka perception?
- o) What is Laukika perception?
- p) What is Sannidhi ?
- q) What is Sabda ?
- r) What is Yogyata?
- s) What is Tatparya ?
- t) What is Jnanalaksana prtyaksa?
- u) What is Dravya?
- v) What is Guna?
- w) What is Karma?
- x) What is Visesa?
- y) What is Samavaya?
- z) What is Maya for Samkara?
- aa) What is Avidya for Samkara?
- bb) What is Isvar for Samkara?
- cc) What is Apra Brahman for Samkara?
- dd) What is Atman for Samkara?
- ee) What is Saksin for Samkara?
- ff) What is Maya for Ramanuja?
- gg) What is Avidya for Ramanuja?
- hh) What is soul for Ramanuja?
- ii) What is God for Ramanuja?

1. Long type questions(300 words)

- a) Explain the Upanishadic Concept of Atman.
- b) Explain the Upanishadic Concept of Brahman.
- c) Explain the difference between Vidya and Avidya.
- d) What is Para-vidya? How it is different from Apra-vidya.

- e) Describe the place of Vyapti in Nyaya Inference.
- f) Discuss the Nyaya conception of God.

- g) Explain Perception as a source of Knowledge.
- h) What is Perception? Differentiate between laukika and alaukika perception.
- i) Explain Sabda as a source of knowledge.
- j) Discuss the Vaisesika categories.
- k) Abhava or non-existence as a category. Discuss.

- l) Explain Samkara's concept of Maya.
- m) Discuss Samkara and Ramanuja's concept of Self.
- n) Define Samkara and Ramanuja's concept of God.
- o) Explain Samkara's concept of Liberation.
- p) How Ramanuja criticize the Samkara's theory of Maya? Discuss.
- q) Differentiate Samkara and Ramanuja's concept of Brahman.