P-403[FISHERIES SCIENCE]

1. Answer the following questions.

[1 mark]

- 1. Study of fishes means.....
- a) Icnology.
- b) Lepidopteriology.
- c) Ichthyology.
- d) genecology.
- 2. Complete monthed fishers includes.....
- a) Dipnoi.
- b) Teleostomi.
- c) Elasmobranchii.
- d) Holocephalic.
- 3. All are carps except.....
- a) Labeo.
- b) Catla.
- c) Mystus.
- d) Cyprian's
- 4. Isinglass is prepared from.....
- a) Ichthyophis.
- b) musk deer.
- c) fishes.
- d) Lizards'.
- 5. One of the following is not fish preservation.
- a) Canning.
- b) Freezing
- c) Landing.
- d) Smoking.
- 6. In India the fresh water fishery fall in to.....
- a) one riverine system
- b) Five reverine system.
- c) two riverine system.
- d) Reservoirs system.
- 7. Inland fisheries adversely affected due to
- a) Introduction of exotic fishes.
- b) Industralization & urbanization.
- c) application of Scientific methods.
- d) Culture fishery.
- 8. Fishing by artificial method is
- a) Capture fishery.
- b) culture fishing.
- c) Estuarine fishing.
- d) Revering fishing.
- 9. Reservoir fishery has attracted attention because it.....
- a) hold great production potential.
- b) management ecology oriented.

| c) measures of control. | |
|---|------------|
| d) implementation of above all. | |
| 10. It is causing immense damage to fisheries | |
| a) Sericulture. | |
| b) Indiscriminate. | |
| c) In land fishery. | |
| d) poly culture. | |
| 11. It's a great boon by introducing | |
| a) contruction of dams. | |
| b) Some exotic fishes. | |
| c) aquatic pollution. | |
| d) Cold water fisheries. | |
| 12. In the national agriculture export the fishing shares is | |
| a) 40% | |
| b) 18% | |
| c) 10% | |
| d) 50 % | |
| 13. Among the estuarine cat fishes the most important species are | |
| a) Arius sp. | |
| b) Mystic. | |
| c) wallago. | |
| d) above all. | |
| 14. One of the adverse effect on the fish fauna is due to | |
| a) Capture fishes. | |
| b) Inland capture. | |
| c) Anthropogenic activities. | |
| d) Hatching. | |
| 15. It disturbs the natural living of fish in aquatic bodies | |
| a) Air pollution. | |
| b) chemical pollution of water. | |
| c) Sound pollution. | |
| d) Light rays.2.Answer the following questions within 2-3 sentences. | [1.5 mark] |
| How did Acanthodians go extinct ? | |
| Mention evolutionary significance of placoderms. | |
| What is sustainable aquaculture ?\ | |
| 4. What are the 3 general types of sonic mechanisms present in fishes? | |
| 5. What are the types of electric organs in fish ? | |
| 6. Give the structure of electric organ in fish . | |
| 7. Mention functions of electric organs in fishes. | |
| 8. What is bioluminescence in fishes ? What are its advantages ? | |
| 9. Mention structure of poison gland in a fish ? | |
| 10. State about poisonous fishes. | |
| | |

- 11.
- What is natural breeding of Indian major carps ?Mention factors responsible for natural breeding .State techniques of breeding .What is induced breeding ? 12.
- 13.
- 14.

- 15. State about fresh water culture in India.
- 16. Mention freshwater fisheries in India.
- 17. What is the importance of freshwater fish culture?
- 18. Mention status of Indian marine fishes.
- 19. What is the importance of marine fisheries in India ?
- 20. Describe about marine fisheries in Odisha.

3. Answer the following questions within 75-100 words.

- 1. What are the unique characters of Acanthodians?
- 2. What are the important characters of Placoderms ?
- 3. What is the need of sustainable aquaculture ?
- 4. State about extensive culture of fish.
- 5. State about semi-extensive culture of fish.
- 6. State about intensive culture of fish.
- 7. What is pen culture ?
- 8. What is cage culture ?
- 9. What do you mean by composite fish culture ?
- 10. State about role of water quality in aquaculture .
- 11. Mention symptoms of fish diseases.
- 12. Mention about causes of fish diseases.
- 13. State steps to control fish diseases.
- 14. How larvivorous fishes are used in malaria control ?
- 15. Which larvivorous fishes are found in India ?
- 16. Name some exotic fishes introduced to India.
- 17. State some characteristics of Bradyodonti.
- 18. Mention about origin and evolution of Elasmobranchi.
- 19. State some characteristics of Elasmobranchi.
- 20. Mention phylogenetic significance of Acanthodians.

4. Answer the following questions within 500 words.

- 1. Classify fish with distinguish characters and important examples of principal subdivisions.
- 2. Give the phylogenetic significance of Acanthedians and placoderms.
- 3. Write short note on evolution and adaptive radiation of chondricthyes, Elasmobranchi and Bradyoaonti.
- 4. What is the sound production mechanism in fishes ?
- 5. What are types of electric fishes ? Give the location , structure and function of electric organs.
- 6. Give the physiology and biological significance of luminescence.
- 7. Write short note on poisonous fishes and their poisonous apparatus.
- 8. Give an account on natural breeding of Indian major carps.
- 9. What are the factors responsible for natural breeding ?
- 10. What are the techniques of breeding in Indian major carps.
- 11. Give an account on induced breeding of fishes with special reference to major carps .
- 12. State about fisheries of Indian sea with special references to coastal fisheries of Odisha.
- 13. Write short note on fresh water fish culture in India.
- 14. What is sustainable aquaculture ?
- 15. Write about extensive , semi-extensive and intensive culture of fishes.
- 16. What do you understand by pen culture , cage culture and composite fish culture ?

[6marks]

[2 marks]

- 17. What is the role of water quality in aquaculture ?
- 18. Give the fish pathology symptoms, etiology, prophylaxis and treatment of common diseases in fishes.
- 19. Give an account on pathological condition in cultivable fishes.
- 20. Give a brief account on exotic fishes. Add a note on history of transportation of important exotic fishes in India .
- 21. What are larvivorous fishes ?
- 22. State about exotic and indigenous species with special references to malaria control.